

The Kentucky Tribune.

DANVILLE, KY.

Friday, February 2, 1856.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Banks Elected Speaker!

The Closing Scene of the Contest.

WASHINGTON, February 2, P. M.—HON. MR. SMITH of Tennessee, said he had heretofore voted against the plurality rule, as the vote yesterday indicated some chance to electing a Speaker, a man of sound national views, he now offered a resolution to the effect:

The House refused to take it by 10 a. m. The resolution was then adopted—yeas 113, nays 104. [Applause.]

Mr. O'Connell unconditionally withdrew his name as a Democratic caucus candidate, being probably for the concentration of greater strength on his colleague, Aiken.

Mr. Boyce moved to rescind the resolution.

The motion was tabled—117 against 101. [Applause.]

Mr. Jones of Tennessee, referred to the terms of the resolution, that if no election is made by a majority in the next three trials, the candidate receiving the highest vote the fourth ballot be declared Speaker, remarked that the Democrats are drilled and ready for the contest, and in order to give an opportunity for the other gentlemen to come here understandingly, he moved an adjournment.

The motion was disagreed to—yeas 81, nays 133. [Applause, and impatient cries of "Call the roll."] Mr. Walker moved to rescind the plurality resolution. The House, by 45 majority, declared the resolution out of order.

Mr. Payne moved that the House adjourn—[Hisses in the galleries.] The motion was disagreed to, and great applause from the galleries followed.

Mr. Orr said that if the House was to be moved by the applause from the galleries, he would move to clear them, excepting those occupied by the ladies.

Mr. Payne made an ineffectual motion to rescind the plurality resolution.

The House then proceeded to ballot for Speaker, with the following result: Banks 102, Aiken 93, Fuller 14.

Barth and Hickman voted for Mr. Wells, and Dana, Harrison, and Scott for Campbell, of Ohio.

Necessary to a choice 168.

The next vote, with the exception that Mr. Fuller lost one, was the same.

The third vote was the same as the second, except that Mr. Aiken lost one.

Mr. Fuller, of Pa., repeated what he said on former occasions, viz: that he was not and did not desire to be a candidate; 130 votes had satisfied him that he was not the choice of a majority of the body, and on no other terms or conditions would he consent to take that position.

Mr. Barclay remarked that he had been adverse to anything like a coalition with the Know-Nothings, whether it came from the North or South. He asked Mr. Aiken whether he stood on the Democratic platform, and whether he had not written a letter to Humphrey Marshall, making pledges to the Southern wing of the Know-Nothings.

Mr. Aiken—I am not a candidate. If my friends think proper to place me in the chair, I will serve them to the best of my ability.

Mr. H. Marshall—I have only to say that Mr. Aiken has addressed no letter whatever. [Applause, cries of "Call the roll," while the most intense excitement prevailed.]

During the calling of the roll, Mr. A. K. Marshall congratulated his American friends that they have fought the good fight and conquered. There was no Democratic candidate in the field, with the offensive caucus platform. It was performing his duty as a patriot and not as a partisan that he had voted for Mr. Aiken.

Mr. Walker voted in the same way, esteeming Mr. Aiken a man with no stains of mere partisanship.

After further explanations the roll was called, and the usual excitement, and the result announced by the Clerk: Banks 163, Aiken 103, Fuller 6, Campbell, of Ohio, 4, Wells 1.

Mr. Banks was then declared elected, amid deafening shouts from the Republicans and other quarters.

The ladies in the galleries waved their handkerchiefs, and several minutes of disorder followed.

Mr. Aiken conducted Mr. Banks to the chair.

Mr. Banks is taking the chair, delivered a brief address. The oath was then administered to him by Mr. Giddings.

Adjourned.

Washington, Feb. 2, P. M.—SENATE.

Mr. Clayton presented a resolution providing for an appropriation for the purchase of 200 cords of wood, to be paid for out of the contingent fund, and distributed to the suffering poor of Washington City.

Mr. Wells hoped that the Senators would individually contribute for relief of the poor, and on his motion the resolution was tabled by 7 majority.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the Central American question.

HON. MR. HARRIS of Tennessee, by 14 majority lay on the table the resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Nichols, declaring J. Gossbrenner Sergeant-at-Arms.

The resolution declaring Mr. Gossbrenner Sergeant-at-Arms was then adopted—yeas 103, nays 28.

Mr. Sherman offered a resolution declaring Nathan Darling Door-Keeper of the House, which was adopted—yeas 119, nays 35.

Mr. Campbell of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution declaring Rolt Morris Postmaster of the House, which was adopted—yeas 103, nays 27.

The rules of last House were adopted until otherwise ordered.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler it was ordered that there be paid out of the contingent fund to John W. Foney, late Clerk who presided over the House, during the organization, \$6 per day in addition to his regular salary, from December 31 to February 4th.

Mr. Bingham offered a resolution declaring O. Follett, of Columbus, Ohio, printer to the House, pending which the House adjourned.

Later from Europe.

FOREIGN NEWS.—HAMBURG, Jan. 31.—The Cunard steamer Arabia from Liverpool with dates to the morning of the 19th, arrived at 9 o'clock this evening. She brings 107 passengers.

The steamship Asia arrived out on the 13th inst., and the Baltic on the 17th. There is nothing of importance from the Crimea.

The news is important as indicative of an early peace.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Times telegraphs, under date of Wednesday, the 16th, 10 o'clock, A. M., that Russia had unconditionally accepted the proposition of the Allies. This reported authentic news caused immense sensation.

The fund rose 3 per cent; cotton a farthing, and a panic ensued in other markets.

The next day, the Government published a dispatch from Minister Seydow at St. Petersburg as follows: Russia agrees to accept the proposal as a basis of negotiation.

This qualified announcement ended the excitement, and the alarmists began to fear that Russia merely wants to gain time by deceptive negotiations. In the meantime the funds remained steady as previous to the above announcement.

Vienna papers represent affairs as being most serious and alarming, and that all the persons belonging to the Austrian Embassy have received orders to leave St. Petersburg and the Russian Embassy to leave Vienna.

During the week closing between Russia's first second reply, intense apprehension existed at Vienna, but on the 16th their apprehensions subsided by the announcement above.

It is stated that Russia agrees to terms proposed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.

The Senate to-day confirmed the appointment of Hon. Geo. M. Dallas as minister to England.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.

The train from Harrisburg last night was thrown off the track about eight miles from this city, by the breaking of a rail. Two cars were crushed, and one passenger car rolled down the embankment, took fire from the stove, and burned up. One man, supposed to be Abraham B. Hart, of the firm of Hart & Son, Cincinnati, was killed, and 27 others injured, most of them only slightly. T. S. Warren, of St. Louis, who has a leg and thigh broken, was brought to the Girard House. He was injured at the Gasconade river disaster and had just recovered. D. A. Finney, of the State Senate, is also injured. A number of members of the Legislature who were in the car, escaped with slight injuries.

HELEN CLAY.—At a recent meeting of the democrats of Indiana, held at Indianapolis, the following toast was drunk:

"The immortal Henry Clay, and the great party of which he was the proud leader: They are both gone, but they shall live in the memory of future generations."

Twelve years ago, those same men proclaimed throughout the country that Henry Clay was a knave, a coward, a gambler, a murderer, and a perjured villain. Then, to achieve a party triumph, these men denounced America's greatest statesman as the basest of the base; now, to wheedle into their thinning ranks a few soft-headed, renegade whigs, they are hectoring and extravagant in eulogizing the "immortal Henry Clay." How despicable in the eyes of every honest man, and how such base sycophancy! How cowardly and how base! How much more officer under pay of the General Government in Kansas. An objection to the admission of the oath to Mr. Whitefield would only tend to greater confusion after their excited struggle, and hence he would not insist upon it.

Mr. Thurston offered a resolution that the House proceed to the election of clerk viva voce. This was tabled—yeas 115, nays 85.

William Cullom, of Tennessee, was then elected clerk by a resolution—yeas 126, nays 87.

The speaker administered the oath of office to Mr. Cullom, and he took his chair amid applause from the galleries.

The members then, in accordance with the resolution moved by Mr. Ball, retired in a body without the bar of the House, but severally returned and took possession of their seats as name after name was drawn by the clerk from the box in the manner of the lottery. This proceeding consumed an hour.

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"A Whig Trick."

A few wire-workers of the old broken down denationalized Democratic party, who for the most part are themselves renegades from the Know-Nothing ranks, together with a little squad of Locofoco Whigs, are terribly alarmed at the uprising of Americanism in this quarter; and are busily engaged, but as far as we have heard with but poor success, in whispering it, that the American Party is a "Whig trick." To Democratic ears, music is made alone on this string; and in delance of the "dilect strains" of these little cracked organs, hundreds of citizens, identified hitherto with both the Democratic and Whig organizations, cordially unite in swelling the torrent of Americanism which in August and November will engulf all other issues. Democrats are told this is a "Whig trick," and great stress is laid upon the suggestion for the purpose of deterring them from uniting with the movement.—Let us see. The head of the American Order in the United States is an old Jackson Democrat. The President of the Council in this place is a Democrat. Judge Cox of Georgia, who reported the Platform adopted in Philadelphia, and which is elsewhere published in this paper, is an old line Democrat. He was a member of the Baltimore convention in 1844 that nominated Jas. K. Polk for President, and reported the resolutions adopted by that body as the platform of the Democratic party. Who made the first proposition in the last Congress to modify the naturalization laws now in force? Stephen Adams, a Democratic Senator from Mississippi. Who made, during the same Congress, the first defense of His Holiness, the Pope of Rome, and an assault on the American Party? J. B. Chandler, a Whig Representative from Pennsylvania. Who was the chairman of the committee that established an American paper at Albany, New York? AMBROSE STEPHENS, a Democrat, and the Democratic candidate for Speaker of the Assembly of that State. Who opposed and defeated the American candidate for Governor of New York? Myron H. Clark, a Whig. Who is the leader of the Anti-American forces in the State of Kentucky? Mr. Preston, a Whig. And who in Georgia? Messrs Stephens and Toombs, Whigs.

In Virginia, such Democrats as Gen. Bailey, Gov. Smith, Mr. Patton, Mr. Beal and many others of great talents have been caught by this "Whig trick," and supported the American candidate in opposition to Mr. Wise.—And can it be possible that such Democratic judges as Commodore Stockton, Judge Goss, Gen. Sam. Houston, Gen. Jackson, and Senator Johnson, can be caught by a "Whig trick"? Yet it is, and thousands and tens of thousands of Democrats, heretofore loyal to the party as any who now cry out "Whig trick" in Boone county, and with equal intellect and shrewdness, and more patriotism, are gallant captains in that great American army, ignoring all former political distinctions, are marching under the flag of their country to glory and to victory.

All this petty demagoguery about "Whig trick" and "Democratic trick" is sheer common sense—a shallow political device to mislead the incoherent masses who will sacrifice party to patriotism.

Mo. Statesman.

THE Democratic party is national—eminently national. Its principles are national; its men are national, and its actions are national; and we assert, without the fear of successful contradiction, that it is now the only national party.—Albany Patriot.

Yes, a beautiful national party you anti-Americans have truly! With a free-soil President appointing and sustaining the abolition Reeder as Governor of Kansas; with Van Buren and Giddings acting in concert with your President in a crusade against Americans, your party is National with a vengeance. God deliver us from such nationality! "Is men are National," you say. How is it with Greeley, Giddings, Van Buren, Sumner, Dix, King and Seward? they belong to the National anti-American party. Are they sound? Has not the dry rot, (as Stephens says), attacked your old National Democratic party, and the sound live-oak copper-headed abolitionists been used to plug up the dry rot holes in your old sinking ship? They have. We envy not your position—fraternizing with the vilest abolitionists!—Georgia Plat.

THE PRESIDENT.—Several American tickets for the Presidency and Vice Presidency in '56, have been nominated by the press of that party. Among the rest, we have already recorded the following: "Fillmore and Fote," "Fillmore and Clemons," "Dickinson and Neil Brown," "Fillmore and Adams," "Dickinson and Dawson," "Dickinson and Gentry," "Dickinson and Holland," &c., &c. But the latest and probably one of the strongest, we have yet seen—one suggested to us by a distinguished friend in Mississippi—is that of "Crittenden and Gentry," "Dickinson and Holland," &c., &c. But the latest and probably one of the strongest, we have yet seen—

THE first is one of the greatest names on the roll-call of American glory—a fit successor in the U. S. Senate, to Henry Clay, the Great, the Immortal. The second is the name of a man who has always been true to the South, the Union and the Constitution—the vanquisher of Mr. Guthrie, and the slayer of the present nincompoop Administration.

It is a great trick and no mistake! Let Americans think about it!—Eagle & Impier.

A HURON.—In Lane county, Oregon, in November, the Indians attacked the cabin of a Mr. Harris, occupied by himself and wife and a little daughter. The father saw all dead, but the inebriated wife took his musket and revolver and kept the fire upon the Indians from between the legs of the cabin, for several hours, until she was relieved by a company of volunteers, who found the yard literally strewn with the Indians shot by the brave woman.

THE value of the exports of Mississippi, for the past season, were \$600,000.

IS SEVASTOPOL TAKEN.—This question has been elaborately discussed in London; many heavy bets depended on the decision, and whenever information could be obtained from books and the reports of army officers, was brought to bear. After a patient investigation, the head authority in betting matters—Bell's Life in London—decided that Sevastopol was not taken, and that all bets on its capture must be held in abeyance for the present.

Boyle County Farm FOR SALE.

I wish to sell THE FARM on which I now reside, lying in Boyle county, Ky., 6 miles west of Danville, and half a mile from the Lebanon Turnpike.

Containing 175 Acres

Of good land, in a fine state of cultivation, well watered, timbered and improved, having upon it a comfortable Dwelling, barn, corn-cribs, and all other necessary buildings.

Possession can be given about the 1st of March. Persons desiring to purchase are invited to call and see the place for themselves.

R. F. BLEDSON.

NEW GOODS.

WELSH & NICHOLS have just received a lot of NEW GOODS, consisting of the following articles:—Brown and Bleached Cottons, Calicoes, &c., and a number of other articles. Also, a large lot of French Shirt Bosoms, new-style

Feb. 1, '56

Groceries.

OUR stock of Groceries is now complete. Give us a call before buying elsewhere.

WELSH & NICHOLS.

Boots and Shoes.

A LARGE lot of Ladies' Shoes, and Misses Boots and shoes, just received by

WELSH & NICHOLS.

Feb. 1, '56

CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS.

J. H. CALDWELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE Proprietor of these celebrated Springs respectfully announces that he is engaged in making extensive and desirable improvements in his buildings and grounds, for the purpose of increasing his accommodations, and enhancing the comfort and enjoyment of his guests. A number of

NEW AND PLEASANT ROOMS

Are now in course of construction, which, added to the former buildings, will enable him to accommodate in the large and airy hall, a number of visitors. He promises to all who patronize him, the careful attention both to the regular and transient business, and to the personal comforts of his guests, and will spare no exertions to make his establishment a place of resort for him with visit, whether during the winter season or at any other time.

THE House is now open for the reception of regular and transient boarders, Travellers, &c., his design being to keep a first-class Hotel during the entire year.

J. H. CALDWELL.

Crab Orchard, Ky., Jan. 25, '56

VALUABLE RESIDENCE, AND A Stock of Dry Goods, FOR SALE.

INTENDING to move west, I wish to sell my Residence in Keene, Tennessee, with all its contents, situated in the edge of the village, and is a neat and comfortable place, nearly new. There is connected with the house two-and-a-half acres of land, and on the premises are all necessary out-buildings, such as Kitchen, Cabin, Store Room, Wash-house, Stables, &c.; also, a splendid Cistern and Ice-house.

The Stock of Goods is well assorted, having been regularly added to by Eastern purchases last fall.

It is one of the best country stands in the State, and a business man can safely calculate upon a business of \$15,000 per annum.

Persons wishing to examine the premises, will call and examine the Residence and Goods. I will give a bargain.

Keene, Ky., Jan. 18, '56

J. B. HUGHES.

Ewing Female Institute, PERRYVILLE, KY.

THE Second Session of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in February next, under the superintendence of

Miss Sarah H. Russell,

ASSISTED BY

Miss Bidwell.

Terms, per Session of 20 weeks:

Preparatory Department, \$ 6 00

Junior " " " 10 00

Senior " " " 14 00

Music, including use of instrument, 20 00

Board, including fuel, 10 00

Ornamental and Needle Work, 4 00

French Language, 5 00

Latin and Greek, each, 5 00

Books, to be made for absence, except in cases of protracted sickness, or by previous arrangement with the Principal.

Of Perryville is situated in one of the most healthy and pleasant locations in the West. The population of the town is about 1000, and the country is intelligent, moral and religious.

Parents sending their daughters to this Institution, will have them cared for, morally, intellectually and physically.

Board can be obtained in town at from \$1.50 to \$2.00, and in the country adjacent at from \$1.00 to \$1.25 per week.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

WILSON GREEN, Rev. DANIEL REEDER, Col. JAMES DUNHAM, James CRAWFORD, Col. A. H. YANKEE, THOS. PERMITT, Sen., Wm. ARMSTRONG, W. D. LATIMER, J. V. SMITH, M. A. THORSON, R. W. WILLIAMSON, M. A. CAMP, W. H. MERRICK, Dr. J. J. POLK.

Perryville, Jan. 25, '56

PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL sell to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, February 20, 1856, at my present residence, on Salt River, 6 1/2 miles north-west of Danville, Boyle county, Ky.,

All my Personal Property,

Consisting of

Twelve head of Horses,

Among them some good Blood Horses, one or two good Saddle Horses, and a No. 1 Buggy Horse. Also,

MY HIGHLANDER STALLION,

As a breeder he has no superior, as his colts

37 Fat Cattle, now in order for market; 40 head of Stock Cattle, among them some good Highland Cows, all good stock; 2 yoke of team, good work steers; 14 head of Stock Hogs, of good quality; also the Bacon of 18 hogs; all the CROP on the place, consisting of about 400 barrels of Corn in crib; several thousand bundles of Oats; Farming Implements of all kinds; House-hold and Kitchen Furniture and other articles not necessary to enumerate.

Terms: A credit of 6 months will be given for all sums of \$10 and upwards; the purchaser giving bond with approved security; under \$10, cash in hand will be required.

W. H. MONTAGUE.

Boyle co., Jan. 25, '56

CONDITION OF ETNA IN SURAN.

OF HARTFORD, CONN., JANUARY 1, 1856.

As presented to its stockholders, and made out in compliance with State laws of New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, &c.

STATEMENT:

The name of the Corporation is ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, located at Hartford, Connecticut.

The Capital is Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and is paid up.

ASSETS

Of the Company are:

Cash in hand and in Banks, \$50,939 69

Cash on special deposits in Banks and Hartford, 100,000 00

Banks on interest, 100,000 00

Cash in Lands of Agents, 161,029 04

Real estate, unencumbr'd, 98,085 18

72 Mortgages, Bonds, &c., 18,141 78

7 per cent. semi-annual, 72,000 00

9 income bonds, 7 per cent. semi-annual, 7,200 00

30 State of Va. Bonds, 12,000 00

10 per cent. semi-annual, 12,000 00

5 State of N. C. Bonds, 5,000 00

6 per cent. semi-annual, 5,000 00

Jersey City Water Bonds, 6 per cent. semi-annual, 10,000 00

6 Milwaukee City Bonds, 10 per cent. semi-annual, 5,000 00

10 Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent. semi-annual, 10,000 00

Money due the Company, secured by Mortgage, 125,600 00

300 shares Hartford and N. Haven R. R. Stock, 61,900 00

105 shares Hartford and Providence R. R. Stock, preferred and guaranteed 10 per cent., 9,450 00

107 shares Boston and Worcester R. R. Stock, 9,630 00

250 shares Conn. River R. R. Stock, 11,000 00

30 shares Conn. River Company Stock, 1,350 00

60 shares Stafford Bank Stock, 5,100 00

60 shares Citizens' Bank Stock, Watertown, 5,100 00

36 shares Eagle Bank Stock, Providence, 1,250 00

300 shares Phoenix Bank Stock, Hartford, 33,600 00

300 shares Far & Meek Bk Stock, Hartford, 29,000 00

300 shares Exchange Bk Stock, Hartford, 16,324 00

124 shares State Bank Stock, Hartford, 24,576 00

100 shares City Bank Stock, Hartford, 11,000 00

75 shares Bank Hartford, Conn. Stk., Hartford, 7,957 50

150 shares Conn. River Bk Stk., Hartford, 9,750 00

244 shares Hartford Bk Stock, Hartford, 30,744 00

200 shares Merch. Ex. Bk Stock, N. York, 10,245 00

200 shares North River Bk Stk., N. York, 10,100 00

400 shares Mechanics' Bk Stk., New York, 12,000 00

100 shares Bk N. Amer. Bk Stk., New York, 10,500 00

140 shares Bk of Amer. Tea Stock, N. York, 16,350 00

150 shares Bank Republic Stock, New York, 18,550 00

250 shares Farmers and Traders' Bk Stk., N. Y., 20,000 00

100 shares Amer. Exch. Bk Stk., N. York, 11,000 00

31 shares Merchants' Bk Stock, New York, 2,170 00

100 shares U. S. Trust Bk Stk., N. York, 10,450 00

100 shares E. Y. Life and Trust Co. Stock, New York, 16,000 00

100 shares Ohio Life and Tr. Co. Stk., Cincinnati, 9,600 00

25 shares Mechl. and Tr. Bk Stk., Jersey City, 1,500 00

Unsettled claims for losses and not due, \$176,062 47

The Etna Insurance Company's records its patrons the very satisfactory condition of a large increase in cash assets, for the further security of their policies—all our business is placed at the minimum market value, at the present time of some depression in the stock and of some. They are either prime dividend paying stocks, or good, valuable, and clean investments, yielding moderate interest and income. The standard basis on which the assets have been valued, being Gold at Interest.

Besides this solidity, the Company calls attention to the strength and security it derives from the combined system of Agencies, through its agents having the means of presenting a united phalanx of Experienced Under-writers, which has worked, for thirty-seven years, the highest results in the business and claims for losses, and enables it to return the year 1855 with greater prestige for reality usefulness than has yet been reached by a really National Insurance Company.

All business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

A. S. MCGRORY, Agent, Feb. 1, '56

Danville, Ky.

DR. R. T. KNOX

HAVING located at his father's millway between Danville and Perryville, offers his services in the practice of

MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

REFERENCES:

T. W. JACKSON, M. D., Danville, Ky.

M. J. MERRICK, M. D., Boyle county, Ky.

Boyle co., Jan. 25, '56

Plantation to Rent out!

AS Guardian, I wish to rent out for the year 1856, a Plantation on the Hustonville turnpike, 5 miles from Danville. It contains about 100 Acres of Cleared Land, the whole of which has been in grass for several years; and about 300 Acres of Woods land, all of which is in a very good state of cultivation. The land is of excellent quality. Apply to me, in Danville.

RO. J. BRECKINRIDGE.

Jan. 18, 1856

Mules for Sale.

THE undersigned, living in Hendricks county, Indiana, on the Terre Haute and Richmond Railroad, 20 miles west of Indianapolis, near Clayton, has on hand 17 head of Mules, one year old last spring, which he wishes to sell soon, and would respectfully solicit the attention of the Mule Traders of Kentucky.

RICHARD MARTIN.

Hendricks co. Ind., Jan. 18, '56

GREENVILLE INSTITUTE, HARRODSBURG, KY.

THE Spring Term of the Greenville Institute, such as Flour, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers, &c., for which I will give the highest market prices.

H. HAMILTON.

Salt—Salt!

I HAVE a large lot of Salt, which I will exchange for Country Produce, such as Flour, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers, &c., for which I will give the highest market prices.

H. HAMILTON.

Candies and Notions.

A FINE assortment of Candies, Nuts and Variety Goods, in store and for sale at

H. HAMILTON'S.

Pennsylvania Buckwheat.

A FEW hundred pounds of Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour for sale at

H. HAMILTON'S.

Fresh Oysters.

RECEIVED DAILY, by express, and for sale by the case, or dozen.

T. J. SHINDELBOWER.

Jan. 11, '56

Just received and for Sale at SHINDELBOWER'S.

6 DOZEN COVE OYSTERS: 6 dozen in 1/2 can Sauter's; 12 dozen Fresh Fish; 12 in 1/2 and 1/4 boxes Raisins; 8 boxes Blue Candies; 8 " Yellow do; 10,000 Half Spanish Cigars; 5,000 fine do; 1 barrel Cocoa Nuts; Oranges, Lemons, &c., Dates, &c.

T. J. SHINDELBOWER.

Jan. 11

\$100 REWARD!

RANAWAY from the subscriber, in Russell county, Ky., a NEGRO BOY, named HENRY, about 24 years old, 6 feet 2 inches high, large and likely, black, has a scar over one eye, one hand scarred from being burnt when a child, a round black mark on the back of the neck. We will pay the above reward for said Negro, if taken out of the State, \$50 if taken out of the county, and \$25 if taken in Russell county, and delivered to us, or confined in jail so that we get him, together with all reasonable charges.

P. G. GARR.

A. C. MEADOWS.

Adm'r of L. G. Garr.

Russell co., Ky., Jan. 19 '56

Mules for Sale!

WE have 118 Two and Three year old MULES for sale, which are of a fine quality, and ready for market. Also, 150 Yearling MULES, 100 of which are strictly No. 1, and 50 first-rate 2d rate.

G. & C. F. LER.

Nov. 18, '55

Four miles west of Danville.

Come up Gentlemen!

ONE of us being about to leave Danville, we are very desirous of settling up our business as soon as possible. Therefore, we respectfully request all those who have unsettled accounts with us, or who are indebted to us in any way, to come to our place, and let us square up.

L. LEVENSON & BRO.

Dec. 28, '55

BOYLE FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD BOYLE FARM, 8 miles from Danville, and 4 from Perryville, containing 306 Acres, well set in grass, in a good state of cultivation, with a sufficient quantity of water and timber, is now offered for sale on liberal terms, as I am anxious to sell. Come and see for yourselves.

G. M. PROCTOR.

Boyle co. Oct. 12, '55

Small Boyle Farm for Sale

I WISH to sell THE FARM on which I now reside, in Boyle county, about 3 miles from Danville, immediately on the turnpike leading to Lebanon.

Containing about 90 Acres, in a pretty good state of cultivation, and comfortable improvements. The land is good and well watered and timbered. Persons wishing to purchase a small farm, in a good neighborhood, can now get a bargain, as this place will be sold on very reasonable terms.

JOHN J. MOORE.

Boyle co., Aug. 10

A CHANGE.

I HAVE sold out my Stock of Goods to Mr. G. G. CARPENTER, whom I recommend to my customers.

J. B. ANNI.

THE CHANGE.

FROM this date it will be seen that I have purchased the STOCK OF GOODS of Mr. John B. Anni, and being determined to please all who may favor me, I will have a LINK to call and examine the quality and price before purchasing elsewhere.

I have now a Large Stock of Dressed, Dressed and Plain French Tea and Dining Sets; Meat and Vegetable Dishes; Soup, Gravy and Sauce Tareens; Tea Pots, Sugar Bowls and Cream Mugs; Tea Cups and Saucers, a varied assortment; Wash Bowls and Pitchers; Water and Milk Pitchers, assorted; Cut and Pressed Ice Cream & Celery Stands; Preserve Stands, assorted; 20 boxes assorted Tumblers; Window Glass of various sizes, &c.

A large lot of Stone and Hardware; Silver-Plated Ware; Wooden and Willow Ware, a large assortment; 20 Kegs Nails, assorted sizes; New Orleans Sugar, a good quality; Clarified, Cracked and Powdered Sugar; Rio and Java Coffee; Green and Black Tea; Golden Syrup and Molasses; No. 2 and 3 Molasses; Star and Tallow Candles, by 10 or 20; A large assortment of Tobacco and Cigars; A Doz. assorted and fancy Candles and Nuts; Oysters and Sardines; Fresh Peaches and Tomatoes; Preserves and Catsup, assorted.

A Large Stock of Notions: Too tedious to enumerate: Together with every thing else, except Dry Goods, that a family may want.

G. G. CARPENTER.

Danville, Nov. 16, '55

W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417, Market-Street, between 4th & 5th, LOUISVILLE, KY., WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND DEALERS IN

Fine Groceries, Teas, Wines, Liquors, Imported Fruits, Hermetically Sealed Fruits, Preserves, Pickles, Nuts, Brooms, Wooden Ware, Baskets, &c., &c.

Oct. 25, '55

GEO. W. COLLINS, MANUFACTURER OF Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, AND DEALER IN

Stores, Grates, Castings, LAMPS, FLUIDS, PUMPS, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Japan Ware, &c., &c.

Main-st., one door from the corner of Third, DANVILLE, KY.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LAND.

AS Executor of CHRISTOPHER WEATHERS, deceased, I will sell to the highest bidder, On Tuesday, February 12, 1856,

THE FARM

On which the said Weather's died.

Containing 217 1/2 Acres.

All enclosed with a good fence, and in a high state of cultivation; about 170 Acres in high cultivation for grain crops of every kind;



JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON—Editors.
DANVILLE, KY.

Friday, February 8, 1856.

Our worthy and obliging State Senator, Hon. J. W. BAXTER, has our thanks for Legislative favors.

The February Term of the Boyle Circuit Court commences its session on Monday next.

Mr. "Doc" Lane was shot in Stanford, on Monday last, by Mr. R. C. Engleman, the ball taking effect in the lower part of the left arm.

Twenty-second of February.—The anniversary of Washington's Birth Day will be celebrated as usual, by the Literary Societies of our College. Addresses will be delivered by the following young gentlemen: O. S. DENK, of Missouri, and ALEXANDER HENRY, of Mercer county, Ill., in behalf of the Chamberlain Society; J. M. MARTIN, of Tusculum, Ala., in behalf of the Deaf and Dumb Society; J. T. PIERCE, of Lancaster, Ky., and HUBER CRAFT, of Holly Springs, Miss., in behalf of the Athenian Society.

THE WEATHER.—We have been accustomed from our childhood, to hear the "cold Friday" of January, 1857, spoken of as a remarkably severe day, but that memorable occasion has been totally eclipsed by the weather of the present season. The temperature of "cold Friday," according to a thermometer at Col. Mansfield's, near Cincinnati, is reported to have been at that point, 14 degrees below zero, and it is probable, the difference in latitude being considered, that the cold here was not as intense, by several degrees. This winter, then, has no parallel, so far as can be ascertained, in severity, and certainly none in the extraordinary continuance of cold weather.

There is said to be record evidence of the fact, that the 3rd and 10th days of last month, (January), were the coldest known in sixty years; and Sunday and Monday last, the 3d and 4th days of this month, were fully equal in intensity of cold, to any we had before experienced. We are informed that thermometers in several parts of our town on Sunday morning, indicated from 5 to 6 degrees below zero, and that the mercury did not rise above zero during the entire day. On Monday morning the range, was from 15 to 18 degrees below, which is about the same temperature as that of Thursday, Jan. 10th. In some other portions of the State, as we learn from our exchanges, the degree of cold was even greater than it was here.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.—Both Houses have been engaged for more than a week past, in discussing the resolutions, presented to each by the Committee on Federal Relations, in reference to the Kansas Nebraska bill, and the questions growing out of it.

The Frankfort correspondent of the Louisville Journal, noticing the debate, says: "In all its various shapes, hues, and style, its excesses and effects, the Kansas-Nebraska act has been trotted out as the great hobby horse which every one must ride. It is the burden of all the speeches, and the debate seems never ending."

But little business of general importance has been transacted since the commencement of the debate.

On Monday, a resolution providing for a joint committee to inquire into the expediency and probable cost of removing the seat of Government from Frankfort to Louisville, was adopted in the House, by a vote of 46 yeas, 34 nays. A motion to strike out Louisville and insert the county of Kentucky, was rejected.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, the bill reported by the committee of twelve, to divide the State into thirteen judicial districts, was passed—yeas 25; nays 9. The bill arranges the fifth and sixth districts as follows:

Fifth District.—Green, Taylor, Marion, Washington, Nelson, Mercer and Anderson.

Sixth District.—Garrett, Boyle, Lincoln, Casey, Pollock, Wayne, Clinton, Russell, Cumberland and Adair.

The bill has not yet been acted upon by the House, and we consider it unnecessary to publish it in detail, unless it is passed by that body.

A resolution passed the House on Saturday, for a final adjournment on the 21st of the present month. It seems to be regarded as impossible that the business of the session can be dispatched by that time, and the resolution will therefore not be concurred in by the Senate.

There are numerous important measures yet to be acted upon—among others, the proposition to grant the aid of the State to the various railroads within our borders, which the friends of improvement and progress ardently hope will be favorably considered.

MR. TALBOT'S SPEECH.—We publish on our first page, the speech made in Congress on the 9th ult., by Hon. A. G. TALBOT, the representative from this District. There are several points in the speech, which would very well bear discussion, but we have no room in our present issue to indulge in a review of those points or an argument against them; nor do we deem such a course on our part at all necessary. We are rejoiced to know that the position and principles of the American party as the only truly National and Union party of the country, have become to a very great extent understood by the mass of the people, and among the thinking, reading portion of the voters, can not be injured by the exploded and hackneyed charges of its enemies. The charge of "religious proscription," and the title of a "secret, oath-bound political organization," as applied to the American party by Mr. Talbot, and the opposition generally, are only repetitions of the phrases heard and sung throughout the State of Kentucky prior to the August election.

"Sam" was not discommoded by them then, and we presume will be less so if possible, now. We publish the speech of Mr. T., merely that our readers may be advised of his sayings and doings in Congress, and as an account of his personal life, which we are always willing to accord to the representative of our district, whether opposed to us politically or not.

THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOGS SLAUGHTERED IN CINCINNATI UP TO THE 23d INST., WAS 329,574. The number to same date last year 332,176.

ELECTION OF BANKS.—Congress is at last organized, after a contest for the Speakership, of two months duration. Banks, the nominee of the Black Republican party, was on Saturday last, elected Speaker, under the plurality rule, by a majority of three votes over Mr. Aiken, of S. C., who received 109 votes, the next highest number. The reports of Congressional proceedings, in another part of our paper, will furnish our readers with further particulars concerning the election.

The elevation of such a fanatic as Banks, to the honorable position of Speaker of the National House of Representatives, is much to be deplored, and might, we think, have been prevented, but for the caucus bondage in which a majority of the "immortal seventy-four" placed themselves at the beginning of the session. The National Americans repeatedly offered to the Democratic members, the most liberal compromise terms, upon which a presiding officer of patriotic views might have been chosen. But all such offers were rejected, because an election, even of a Democrat, under such circumstances, would not endorse the caucus platform, which was an insult to the Americans, and a disgrace to those who formed it. All the efforts, however, of the National Americans, to elect either one of their own party, or a Democrat, on fair and honorable terms, to both, were rendered fruitless by the combined votes of the Democracy and the Black Republicans, many of the former, we verily believe, preferring the success of the latter to the election of a sound National American. Let the responsibility of Banks' election, then, rest just where it belongs—upon the members of the Democratic caucus, but for which the House might have been organized weeks before it was, and organized too, by the election to the Speakership of some man, either an American or a Democrat, whose conservative principles would have rendered him acceptable to the Union men of all sections of the country.

NATIONALITY.—We are actually beginning to believe that the modern bogus Democratic party, is national, after all. That is, it has adherents both in the South and in the North. Its adherents are all brethren—when the time for a division of the perquisites comes on—but the Slavery question is about as far apart as the North and South poles. For instance, in the South, the Nebraska bill is made a test of political orthodoxy, and Southern Democratic brands every man an Abolitionist who dared to oppose the passage of a bill so fraught with advantages to our section. The Northern wing of the great national party, however, though also in favor of the very same bill, advanced it for very different reasons. They did not by any means regard it as blessing to the South—they did not once speak of it, as likely to benefit Southern institutions—not they. Their reason for upholding it, as expressed in the speeches of their leaders, was because they regarded it as "the best Abolition measure ever passed." These Northern and Southern brethren stand on a common platform, of which the Nebraska bill is the principal plank—they are all in favor of it—one division of them because it is an Abolition measure, and the other because it is a pro-slavery measure. Who says the Democratic party is not national?

THE HARRODSBURG PLUNGE.—It is endeavoring to prove that Democracy is the same in all sections of the country. He certainly does not intend to insinuate that Kentucky Democrats were in favor of the Nebraska bill, because they thought it an Abolition measure? It was so regarded and advocated by the Northern wing of his party. He doesn't certainly mean that Kentucky Democrats have come to believe that the Nebraska bill is the principal plank—they are all in favor of it—one division of them because it is an Abolition measure, and the other because it is a pro-slavery measure. Who says the Democratic party is not national?

"Se De Kay." The Frankfort correspondent of the Louisville Courier, accused Treasurer Wintersmith of appropriating public money to his own use, without a shadow of authority, and said, moreover, that Mr. W. acknowledged the truth of the charge. All right, says Sag Nichols, Mr. Wintersmith, however, proceeds to give "Se De Kay" a drubbing for his misrepresentation, and the same Sag Nichols is horrified at the "outrage." The organs of the opposition seem to think it right and proper that attempts should be made by anonymous writers to injure the character of a public officer, but look upon it as crying shame for that officer to seek out and punish the person whom he regards as having slandered him. Mr. Wintersmith has demanded an investigation of the charge, by the State Senate.

THE EASTERN WAR—MORE PEACE REMOVED.—The news by the last steamer, to the effect that Russia had accepted the terms of the allies as a basis of negotiation, caused considerable rejoicing among those who desire the success of the peace propositions, and much "shaking among the dry bones" of the speculators in breadstuffs and provisions. From the whole tenor of the news, however, it is just as probable, and perhaps more so, that the war will be continued, as it is that the negotiations will terminate in the establishment of peace. Late letters from St. Petersburg say that the feeling against Austria, is every day becoming more bitter, and it is very reasonably thought that if the animosity and contempt felt towards Austria by the Russians, is so virulent, no proposition from that quarter will have the remotest chance of ultimate success.

The European Times says that "the belief continues to gain ground in the commercial and generally world, that the negotiations for peace, recently proposed, have decidedly failed, although it has been stated, that before she gives a final reply, Russia is desirous of offering counter-propositions. It is plain that the object of such a step is to gain time, as no one believes she would propose terms at this stage of the war that would cause the Western powers to continue a lasting and honorable peace."

GRABAM'S AND PETERSON'S Magazines for February, have been received. They are both finely illustrated, and filled with varied and interesting reading. We will still receive and forward subscriptions at the lowest club prices.

Gony.—The February number of this excellent magazine has been received. It is an exceedingly beautiful and interesting number. How does any lady manage to get along without it?

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.—(Continued to the Tribune.)
Carpet-baggers have been the Ladies of Crab Orchard, and Judge Warner, of the Lincoln county Court.

Case Chapman, Ky., Jan. 31, 1856.
To the Honorable Judge of the Lincoln County Court.

We, the Ladies of Crab Orchard and vicinity, do hereby petition your honor not to grant any license to sell liquors in this county, and especially in our township. You have doubtless witnessed the effects of intemperance in our common country. In your private walks of life, you have found the sick and declining wives and widows of those who have daily sipped from the poison, and you have seen the graves of those who have drunk themselves into the arms of the grave.

Just look at the old Democratic banner, floating triumphantly in the breeze. There is the party responsible for the past acts of the Government. It is the party that accomplishes what it promises, and maintains what it accomplishes, in spite of all opposition. It proposed to put down a National Bank, and did it. It proposed an independent treasury, and established it. It proposed to take the land out of the hands of the people, and did it. It proposed to take the land out of the hands of the people, and did it.

The special committee of Messrs. Hanson and Huston, in the lower House of the Legislature, upon the resolutions on Federal Affairs, are said to have been masterly in their denunciations of the American party and its principles, eloquent in phraseology and delivery, and powerful in argument.

The Cincinnati papers state that some fifteen or twenty negroes from Boone and Kenton counties have recently escaped to that city, and are hidden away by the Abolitionists. The slave race, in regard to the party of fugitives arrested last week, is still undecided. The counsel for the slaves claims that some of them are free, because their owners permitted them at some past time to visit Cincinnati, which absurd position is of course opposed by the counsel for the government and the owners.

The latest foreign advices state that the message of the President of the United States was variously commented upon in England, and the opinion was generally favorable. It was considered moderate in tone, but expressing American's views with dignity and precision. No one there anticipates a rupture between the two countries.

A dispatch from Cincinnati states that the six Irishmen arrested there upon a charge of violating the neutrality laws, by getting up a filibustering expedition to secure the freedom of Ireland (I) had been discharged from custody.

Executed.—George Bennett, convicted of the murder of Thomas Mullin, in Louisville, was hung at that city on Friday last. He acknowledged that he robbed Mullin, but persisted to the last in his denial of the charge of murder.

BARNEY IS BACK LUCK.—It seems that Barney, after all his good fortune, has at last got into a streak of bad luck, and of late nothing he undertakes seems to prosper. The establishment of Jerome, the great clock maker, has recently failed, for a large amount, and the failure it is reported that he has been compelled to make an assignment of his property.

NICARAGUA.—The success of Gen. Walker in establishing his government at Nicaragua, is said to be regarded at Washington as fully complete. He is constantly receiving additions to his force, business has been resumed, and all is quiet and peaceful.

THE PRESIDENCY.—Among the late Washington rumors, is one which states that at the Capitol, it is conceded, in prominent political circles, that either Gen. Pierce or Mr. Buchanan will be nominated by the Democratic National Convention for the Presidency. The appointment of Mr. Dallas to the British Mission, is regarded as an attempt to contribute his friends in Mr. Pierce's favor.

The Ashland Kentuckian learns that the iron for ten miles out from that place, of the Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad, is now at New Orleans, and will be sent up as soon as navigation opens. The expense of this iron, it is stated, is met by the Ashland Company.

Hon. Wm. Cullom, of Tenn., who was chosen Clerk of the House of Representatives, on Monday last, is an American in politics, and has represented his district several times, we believe, in Congress. He was opposed to the passage of the Nebraska bill, but is understood to be as firmly against its repeal, since it has been passed. He is a native, we believe, of Wayne county, Ky.

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THE CURE OF COLD.—Unless future winters should prove equally as hard, the present season will long be remembered and referred to throughout the entire country, as a time of unparalleled severity. The Louisville Journal says that the range of cold is wider this year than in any year on record. They are putting up ice four inches thick, frozen in the river about Austin, Texas, in about latitude 30°; or only about 7 degrees north of the tropics. The effect on vegetation, south particularly, is bad. In Florida, the orange trees, it is feared, are ruined. In North Carolina, thousands of dollars, it is said, have been lost by the injury done to the pine trees in that region. In Virginia the pistons have been almost entirely destroyed. In Boston, Mass., the cold weather was so severe that the Linden trees which adorn the sidewalks split, with the frost as if a wedge had been driven into them.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A portion of the walls of the Louisville Hotel, now undergoing repairs, fell down with a terrible crash on Friday, and killed two persons—John Craig, an Irish laborer, and James Agans, a poor orphan boy. John Ryan, a laborer, and a little girl, who as well as the boy, was picking up chips at the time, were severely injured.

SPECIAL NOTICES.—COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION.—The second annual distribution of the above association, has been postponed to the 25th inst., in order to give further time to receive the reports of disinterested secretaries. A large number of valuable and desirable works of art, including marble busts, bronzes, statuary, and several hundred splendid oil paintings, are to be distributed to the subscribers. The sum of \$3 entitles any person to membership, a chance in the distribution, and any three dollar Magazine for one year. Address, C. L. DUNN, Secretary, C. A. A., either at New York or Sandusky, Ohio.

STANFORD, KY., Feb. 4, 1856.
To the Ladies of Crab Orchard and vicinity:

Your very feeling petition of the 31st ult., requesting me, as Judge of Lincoln County Court, to withhold license from any person hereafter to retail spirituous liquors in Lincoln county, and especially in Crab Orchard and vicinity, has been received, and the contents of your petition, I have the honor to acknowledge. You can hear the explosion of the death dealing weapon, and the groans of the widow and orphan you cannot hear. But you can, yes, you can, hear the groans from his high place, in our country. You can put the mark of Cain upon the man who engages in the accursed traffic. You can take the temptation from those who would, if they could, avoid the curse of intemperance. You can prevent the groans from drunkards' graves—and it is for this we most humbly pray. Will you turn into us a deaf ear, and spurn us away?

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MARRIAGES.

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